# Climate & Air Quality Inventory Improvement & Database Management for Developing Countries

The International Sustainable Systems Research Center (ISSRC)



September 29, 2010

#### Purpose

Help developing countries build a management process that achieves sustainable air quality improvements

## **Keys To Success**

- Adoption of a well designed air quality improvement policy
- ♦ A government infrastructure with the knowledge and tools to effectively implement that policy

#### Air Quality Improvement is Complex

- Overlap between media and governmental organizations
- → Multiple targets for improvement
- → Evolving 'targets'
  - Criteria, chlorofluorocarbons, acid deposition, toxics, climate change, more to come?
- ♦ Varying scales spatial, temporal
- ♦ Interactions among pollutants
- ♦ Unknown sources

### Learning from the U.S. Experience

- - ♦ Set Air quality standards
  - ♦ Set Attainment deadlines
  - ♦ Penalties for non-attainment
- Slower air quality improvement than originally expected
- There are still major metropolitan areas that do not meet the standards set in the 1970s today

# Why?!

#### Partly, because:

- → Focus on the wrong pollutants
- ♦ Lacked the ability to adequately project emissions and their impacts ...led to ignoring:
  - ♦ key emissions sources
- Resulted in less effective air quality management plans focusing on one pollutant at a time

# Some of the Same Hurdles for Developing Countries Today

- Chongqing, Guadalajara, Sao Paulo, Shanghai have primarily point source inventories
- ↓ Little ability to understand overall sources of pollution or predict future trends
- Have no way to update or improve their pollution related information
- → Difficult to compare, select and provide accurate justification of various potential policies and any potential adverse impacts.

# ISSRC Identified 3 Areas to Try and Make an Initial Contribution

- 1. Provide a tool to estimate on-road mobile source emissions
- 2. Make available information designed to help developing countries implement their air quality management policies
- 3. Create a system to manage complex environmental related data to allow for effective and meaningful air quality improvement plan development

#### Partners to Date

- ♦ U.S. EPA
- Hewlett
  Foundation
- The Energy Foundation



- ♦ World Bank
- → EMBARQ--World Resource Institute

# 1. The International Vehicle Emissions Model (IVE)

- ◆Estimate emissions for passenger cars, trucks, buses, three- and two-wheel vehicles for important urban pollutants, toxics, and global warming gases
- Includes gasoline, diesel, natural gas, propane, and alcohol fueled vehicles
- Incorporates a straightforward methodology to collect the needed modeling information
- Allow users a way to update the emission factors when local data is available and adapt to the local situation

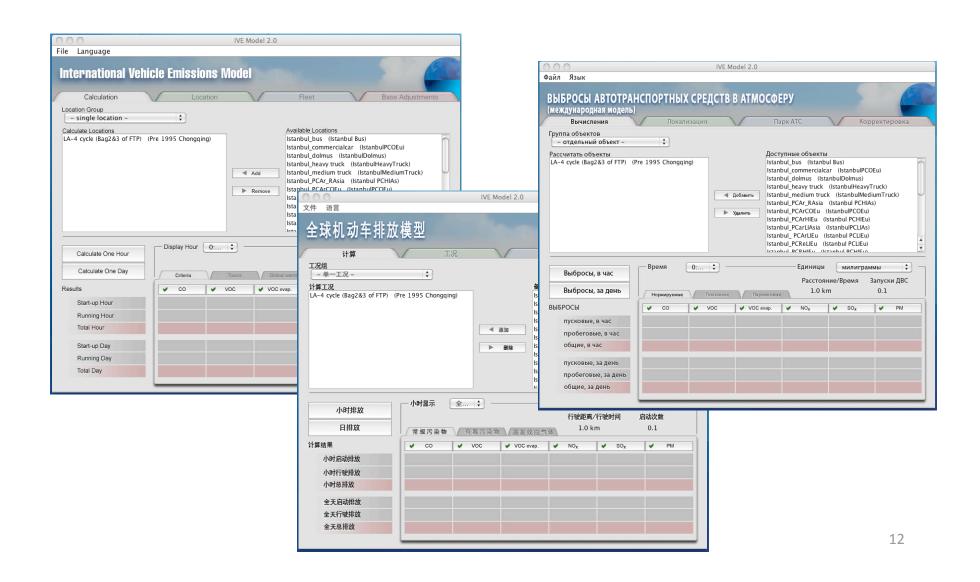
#### IVE Model & Implementation Status

- → First Release in 2003, last update in May 2010
- ♦ Available free on the internet
- → Refined data collection methodology (snapshot of vehicle activity, driving patterns and starts, and in-use emissions in any remote location)
  - ♦ 2-3 weeks in field, reasonable costs
  - ♦ All major vehicle types covered
  - ♦ Laboratory not required
- → Field studies have resulted in 15 location specific information to supplement the base IVE model (also available on website).

#### IVE Model Highlights & Progress

- ♦ 1500 registered users from air quality agencies and universities around the world
- ♦ In use in sixteen countries (that we know of)
- Recommended by INE to be the national model for calculating emissions in Mexico
- Used along with several other models as the basis of the national model for vehicles in China
- → Reviewed along with other important emission models (February, 2009 AWMA Journal)
  - →Rated: Easiest to use model/Most accurate model for developing countries
  - Compared with: U.S.EPA Mobile, California EMFAC, European COPERT model and others.

### **IVE** Operates in Five Languages



#### IVE in the Future

- Add Black Carbon emission factors
- Provide a way to distribute emissions over a grid system to support air quality modeling
- ♦ Add off-road mobile sources
- Continually update emission factors, add new vehicles, and update driving and other adjustments as scientific research provides new data
- Would like to add Portuguese and Turkish as supported languages

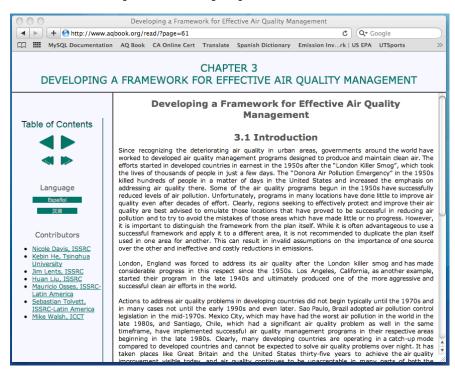


#### 2. Air Quality Management (AQM) Handbook

- → A free internet-based information system on how to carry out effective air quality management www.aqbook.org
- ♦4 topics to date
- → English, with some in Spanish and Chinese.
- Can be updated remotely by approved participants.
- Used by governments, Universities, and training institutes.

#### **AQM Handbook Status**

- ♦ Work in Progress.. More chapters to come
- ♦ Will convert to text books where appropriate
- Find volunteer editors from retired air quality professionals to help





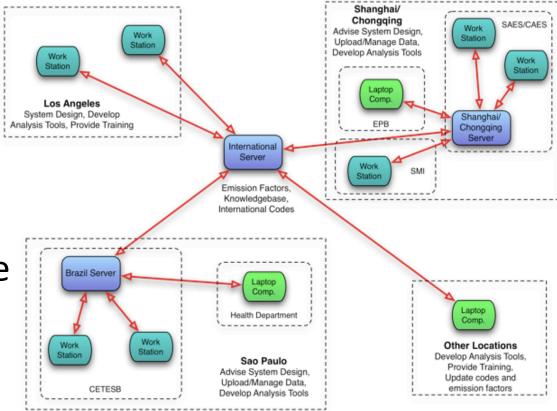
# 3. The IED (International Environmental Database)

- ◆ Database system to manage air quality/energy related information
- ◆Calculate and project air quality emissions, energy requirements, fuel use for urban regions
- ♦ Integrate policy analysis for urban air, water, solid waste, and climate change pollution



#### IED Design Requirements

- Allow businesses to update their own information
- Support source enforcement
- Support emission caps and credit trading
- →Remotely accessible
- ♦ Available free
- ♦Secure & Flexible



#### **IED System Implementation Status**

- Base system created
- Implementing in Mexico City,Guadalajara and Chongqing
- ♦ Several other areas in discussion



### **IED Uses: Support Modeling**

hold high/low coloring values -

# Outputs spatially and temporally resolved data

Source Name: All Sources

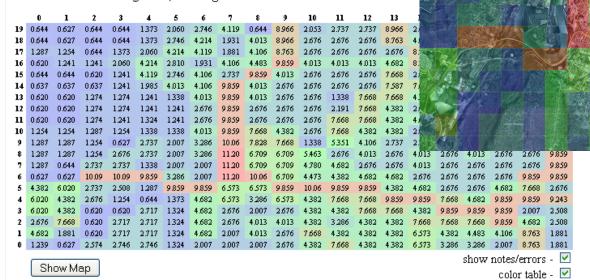
Region: Metropolitan Region of Metropolis Class: On-Road Mobile: Passenger Vehicle

Scenario: All Passenger Vehicles Electric Beginning 2015 Flow Material: Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

Calculation Time: 2012 - January through March/Weekday - 12:00

Number of Processes: 24

Total Emissions in Region: 1,592 kilogram



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## **IED Uses: Support Planning**

The design of the system enables answering such questions as:

- ♦ How would a rapid transit system affect fuel use? criteria pollutants? global warming emissions?
- What are the top categories of GHG emissions today and projected in the future?
- What are the differences in energy use and emissions from moving towards a natural gas fleet or an electric fleet?

#### IED Uses: Support Enforcement

IED is designed to track the emissions and energy from point sources, and return data from queries such as:

- What is ABC Company's emissions this year? Last year?
- ♦ Is ABC Company exceeding its emissions cap?
- How many credits are available in this location/area?

#### IED Status & Future

- → Base System Developed
- Currently populating local data
- ♦ Will be used to support the development of effective/integrated control programs in participating cities starting with Chongqing, Mexico City, and Guadalajara
- ◆Training session planned for November 2010 to begin that process



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